Boston Morning Journal.

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BOSTON JOURNAL.
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CHARLES O. ROGERS,
No. 120 Washington st.

Financial.

JOHN JEFFRIES, Jr.,
NEGOTIATOR OF MORTGAGES, AND AGENT FOR THE PURCHASE, SALE AND LEASING OF REAL ESTATE.
No. 17 City Exchange, Devonshire street.
References: Hon. Wm. Sturgis, Charles Amory, Esq., J. T. Coolidge, Esq., Charles G. Loring, Esq., J. S. Lovering, Esq., James H. Beal, Messrs. Reed, Gardiner & Co.

BOUNTY MONEY AND ARREARAGES OF PAY for Heirs of Soldiers dying in service; Pensions for Widows, or Children under sixteen, or Mothers of Orphan Sisters of men dying in the Army or Navy; Invalid Pensions for Soldiers and Seamen wounded or disabled by sickness contracted in service; Prize Money, Bounty Money and Pay to men lost in the Albany, Levant, Cumberland and Congress; and Land Warrants for 14 days' service in the War of 1812, Florida War, and Mexican War, procured on application in person or by letter to H. WOODMAN, No. 21 Railroad Exchange, Court square, Boston, who has an Agent at Washington, and makes no charge unless successful. *Land warrants bought and sold and Western Taxes paid.* *References:* His Excellency John A. Andrew; Col. Wm. J. Dale, Surgeon General of Mass.; E. D. Brigham, Captain C. S. U. S. Volunteers.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK (Formerly "Granite.")
NO. 86 STATE STREET.
U. S. TREASURY AGENT AND SPECIAL AGENT OF JAY COOKE FOR THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE POPULAR 7-30 TREASURY NOTES.
Notes of June 15 on hand for delivery.
The following table shows the value of the several denominations on each day:

	$50.	$100.	$500.	$1000.
April 10	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
" 11	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
" 12	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

Machinery, &c.

[illegible]

Building Materials.

[illegible]

Real Estate.

RARE CHANCE FOR BUILDERS. For sale, two lots of land on West Chester Park, and twenty lots in South Malden. Money will be advanced to build. Apply to JAMES T. ELDRIDGE, 23 Congress street.

WHARF PROPERTY FOR SALE. The wharf of the well known stand of Dexter, [illegible] & Co., on Causeway street, opposite Charlestown street, is offered for sale. The wharf contains 29,474 feet with [illegible] feet of dock. The above offers a rare opportunity for investment. Apply to the undersigned, 111 Tremont street. S. WILBUR, Trustee.

PETROLEUM LANDS FOR SALE IN PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA.
F. A. OSBORN, 58 Kilby street.

TO LET—Desirable Lofts. Apply at No. 25 Federal street.

STORE TO LET—Corner Arch street and Hussey place. Inquire on the premises of S. J. WONDSA & CO.

FOR SALE—Two first class houses on Parker street, one nearly new. PAXON BROTHERS, 11 Commercial street.

FOR SALE IN LYNN—One of the best estates on Ocean street. Apply to JAMES T. ELDRIDGE, 23 Congress street.

STORE TO LET. Brick Store corner of Milk and Broad streets. Inquire of E. & T. KING & CO., 70 and 71 India street.

FOR SALE—House No. 282 Shawmut avenue; 3½-story, fifteen rooms, with modern improvements. Price $550. Apply to JAMES S. NORMAN, 107½ Washington street.

FOR SALE—On Decatur street, very desirable 3½-story Brick House, swell front, thirteen rooms. All modern improvements. Apply to JAS. S. NORMAN, 107½ Washington street.

FOR SALE—On Chapman street, very [illegible]

[illegible]

Sales by Auction.

Guardian's Sale in Cambridgeport.
By license of the Probate Court for the County of Middlesex—will be sold at public auction, SATURDAY, April 29th, on the premises,
All the right, title and interest which Page H. Webber and Caroline A. Webber, minors, have in a certain parcel of land, with the buildings thereon, situated in Cambridgeport, and bounded as follows: northeastwardly, one hundred feet on Green street; southeastwardly, seventy-four feet and six inches on Pleasant street; southwestwardly, one hundred feet, on land formerly of Edward Brown; thence, northwestwardly, seventy four feet and six inches, by land of Leonard Cox, to the aforesaid Green street—being four undivided twenty-first parts of the premises conveyed to the late A. J. Webber, by Solomon B. Dodge, by his deed dated June, 1851, and recorded with the Middlesex Deeds, book 628, p. 126; and subject to the same restrictions, conditions and limitations fully written and expressed therein. A. C. WEBBER, Guardian of Page H. and Caroline A. Webber.
CAMBRIDGE, April 12, 1865.

By P. D. OSGOOD.
Office—Room No. 1 Sore's Block, Roxbury.

Peremptory Sale of a very Desirable House, Convenient for either one or two Families,
Last house on the left in Lagrange Place, leading from Grove Hall Avenue, near Mount Pleasant, Roxbury.
THIS DAY, April 17, at 4 o'clock P. M., on the premises.
The house contains 12 good rooms, excellent water, and is admirably arranged for two families. It was built by a gentleman for his own use, in the most thorough and workmanlike manner. The surroundings are unquestionable. The lot contains 5300 feet, with grape vines, shrubbery, fruit trees, &c.
The house is unoccupied, and can be seen by application to the Auctioneer. Horse cars pass within two minutes' walk of the house. Terms liberal and made known at sale.

By GEO. B. FAUNCE & CO.,
[Auctioneers, Roxbury.]

Brick House and Furniture at Auction.
On THURSDAY, April 20, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M.,
Will be sold all the Furniture in the four-story brick house No. 29 Centre street, Roxbury, consisting of parlor set in green, marble top tables, French plate mirrors, pictures, Brussels carpet, whatnots, 1 Hallet & Cumston's seven octave piano; also stair and chamber carpets, chestnut chamber sets, black walnut dining tables and chairs, crockery and glass ware, together with all the kitchen furniture, gas fixtures, &c. &c.
All of the above are nearly new and in perfect order. No postponement on account of weather.
At 12 M., at same place,
The four-story French roof brick House, containing 11 rooms, with hot and cold water, bath room, furnace, gas, and all conveniences of a first [illegible]

By J. K. PORTER & Co.
(Office No. 21 State street.)

CAMBRIDGE.
A Genteel and Valuable Estate, consisting of a Spacious Square Built House, with Stable and 17,000 square feet of Land, in Cambridge.
On TUESDAY, April 18, at 4½ o'clock P. M., on the premises, in Cambridge.
Will be sold the spacious and genteel estate, situated on Chauncy street, first house on the right out of North avenue, consisting of a superior square built Dwelling House and L, with portico, large double doors, 2 large bay windows, and containing 14 rooms, with gas throughout, water under cover, and all conveniences, including a large high studded dry cellar.
The land measures 145 feet on the front, and contains about 17,000 square feet; all in the highest state of cultivation, and abounding with the best varieties of fruit, comprising cherries, peaches, apples and pears—of the latter about 35 trees; 4 varieties of grapes, the vines in flourishing condition, and producing well—the yield of last year was about twenty bushels.
Around the house the grounds are tastefully laid out, and are well supplied with flowers, small fruits and shrubbery. There is a broad drive way to the stable, which has a superior brick cellar 20 by 30 feet, and ample accommodations for horses, vehicles of all kinds, harnesses, grain, &c.
The estate is nearly new, was built and improved by the present proprietor for his own family use; it is in fine condition and situated in a most excellent neighborhood, near the horse cars over North avenue, within 7 minutes' walk of Harvard square and 5 minutes' walk of Porter's station on the Fitchburg Railroad.
May be seen at any time.
Sale subject to a small mortgage, which may remain or be paid, at the buyer's option.
$500 to be paid down at the time of sale.

WATERTOWN.
Genteel Family Residence, Stable and Land.
On SATURDAY, April 22, at 3½ o'clock, on the premises in Watertown,
Will be sold the genteel estate situated on Summer, corner of Church street, consisting of a 2½-story Dwelling house with L, stable and ¾ an acre of land.
The house contains 14 rooms including bath room, has piazzas on two sides, a superior cemented cellar, gas, range, a plentiful supply of pure water and all conveniences. The stable has accommodations for two or three horses, vehicles, grain, harnesses, &c.
The land is excellent for cultivation, has fruit of various kinds and a good garden, all under good fence. The situation is directly in the village, on high ground, near the Unitarian Church and in a fine neighborhood, one minute's walk of steam and horse cars.
Train leaves Fitchburg depot at 2½ o'clock.
Terms at sale. $200 to be paid down.

By J. S. WATSON.
(Auctioneer.)

[illegible]

Dry Goods.

SPRING GARMENTS Now open at HORABACK'S CLOAK, MANTILLA AND SHAWL EMPORIUM.
127 Tremont street, opp. Park street. (Up Stairs.)

FINE CORSETS, CHEAP!
Paris Made Stitched and Woven
CORSETS,
Slightly soiled, offered at very low prices for a few days. They comprise the finest material and work of any Corset ever sold in this country.
MRS. CHARLOTTE M. ADAMS,
300 WASHINGTON ST. 300

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865.
THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE
—IN—
HOOP SKIRTS.
J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.
WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. I. & J. O. West) PROPRIETORS and SOLE MANUFACTURERS, 97 Chambers and 79 and 81 Reade streets, New York.
THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) ELLIPTIC PURE REFINED STEEL SPRINGS, ingeniously BRAIDED TIGHTLY and FIRMLY together, EDGE TO EDGE, making the TOUGHEST, most FLEXIBLE, ELASTIC and DURABLE SPRING ever used. They seldom BEND or BREAK, like the Single Springs, and consequently PRESERVE their PERFECT and BEAUTIFUL SHAPE MORE THAN TWICE AS LONG as any Single Spring Skirt that EVER HAS OR CAN BE MADE.
THE WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and great COMFORT and PLEASURE to any LADY wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT will be experienced particularly in all crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a Silk or Muslin Dress.
A Lady having Enjoyed the Pleasure, Comfort and Great Convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day, will Never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies [illegible]

Legal Notices.

[illegible]

Oil Companies.

[illegible]

Removals.

[illegible]

Horses, Carriages, &c.

[illegible]

Corporation Notices.

BANK OF THE METROPOLIS. FRANCIS O. FRENCH and ASA P. POTTER, are admitted as members of our firm from this date.
We shall continue business under the name of the "Bank of the Metropolis," as a Bank of Discount and Deposit and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange and Government Securities, Mr. French being Agent [illegible] Cooke & Co. for the distribution of the 7-30 Loan. [illegible] WARREN & CO.

FRANKLIN MINING CO. The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders [illegible] the FRANKLIN MINING Co. for the election of [illegible] and the transaction of such other business as may [illegible] come before them, will be held at their office, No. [illegible] Kilby street, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th inst., at 2½ P. M. CHAS. EMERY, Sec'y.
Boston, April 4, 1865.

STATE BANK. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Stockholders of the STATE BANK, held on the 6th day of April, 1865, it was voted, that the Directors be, and they were thereby fully authorized and empowered, at such time as they should deem expedient, to organize the said Bank as an Association for Banking purposes, under the laws of the United States, and to make all such Certificates, and do all such other acts as might be requisite thereto.
In accordance with said vote and by virtue of authority therein contained, the Directors have procured the assent of the owners of two-thirds of the Capital Stock, and have this day determined to organize immediately as such Association. CHARLES H. SMITH, Cashier.
Boston, April 6, 1865.

WRENTHAM BANK, WRENTHAM. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the stockholders of the Wrentham Bank, held on the 1st day of April, 1865, it was voted that the Directors be and they were thereby fully authorized and empowered, at such time as they should deem expedient, to organize the said bank as [illegible] United States, and to make all [illegible] under the laws of the such other acts as might be requisite thereto.
In pursuance of said vote, and by virtue of the authority therein contained, the Directors have procured the assent of the owners of two-thirds of the capital stock, and have this day determined to organize immediately as such association. FRANCIS N. PLIMPTON, Cashier.
Wrentham, April 1, 1865.

NEWMARKET BANK. Notice is hereby given that, at a meeting of the stockholders of the Newmarket Bank, held on the 11th day of March, 1865, it was
Voted, That the Newmarket Bank become an association for carrying on the business of Banking under the laws of the United States, and that the Directors be and hereby are authorized and directed to take all necessary measures to enable said Bank to become such association under the laws of the United States and the State of New Hampshire [illegible]
In pursuance of said vote, and by virtue of the authority therein contained, the Directors having procured the assent of the owners of two-thirds of the capital stock, [illegible]

[illegible]

Clothing.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING, —AT— REDUCED PRICES.

[illegible]

GEO. W. SIMMONS & CO., OAK HALL,

[illegible]

Wood, Coal, &c.

[illegible]

Boots, Shoes, &c.

[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.
BOSTON DRY GOODS MARKET, April 14. (For the week.) The active retail demand for Cotton Goods continues unabated, and the consumption, at the present rate, must soon overtake production, and produce more general activity with both jobbers and commission houses. Prices of goods are still unsettled, but continue to rule quite low and unsatisfactory. The late auction sale of Atlantic Sheetings at New York, compared with the prices realized at the trade sale here a few months ago, shows a great decline. A comparison of the prices obtained with those realized at the Boston sale Feb 21, gives the following result:

	Boston price Feb 21.	N. Y. price April 7.	Decline per yard.
Atlantic—H 4-4 Brown Sheetings	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific—4-4 do do	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Atlantic—Do do do	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
V 30 inch do	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
M 28 inch do	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
F 4-4 do	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
L 4-4 do	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific—L 4-4 do	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Atlantic—L L do do	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific—L L do	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Atlantic—F 33 inch do	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific—F do do	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

The above figures are a fair index of the fearful fall in prices of all Cotton Goods in less than two months. The printers of Providence alone, have lost in the same time [illegible] on the sale of goods, and we know of one who has lost [illegible] on sixty cases of Prints. For Woolen Goods the market has been very quiet, and no movement of any consequence has taken place. A few choice goods continue to be taken by the trade to some extent, but otherwise business has been very light.—[Shipping List.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14. Flour very dull; superfine $7 25 @ 7 75; extras [illegible]. Wheat dull; red [illegible]; white $2 25 @ 2 55. Corn firm; yellow $1 25. Petroleum scarce; crude 35c; refined, in bond, [illegible]; free [illegible]. Whisky dull at $1 10 @ 2 [illegible].

SHIPPING JOURNAL.

PORT OF BOSTON.
Saturday, Apl. 15.
ARRIVED THIS DAY.
Dutch bargue Vereeniging, Kramer, Amsterdam via New York.
Brig F H Kennedy, (of Waldoboro) Geyer, N Orleans Mch 24, Pass [illegible].
Sch Haines, (of Boston) Griffin, Miragoane Apl 2.
Sch Clara L Sparks, (of Provincetown) Sparks, Jacmel Mch 31. Left nr brig Prospect, for N York 5 days. Sailed Inagua Apl 3, brig S P Smith, Pomroy, from the Gambia for Liverpool.
Sch Star, Crowell, Baltimore.
Sch M H Read, Nickerson, Philadelphia.
Sch L S Barnes, Coleman, [illegible].
Sch J C Brooks, Bearse, N York.

[illegible]

Boston Journal.

MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 17, 1865.

MORNING EDITION.

EDITED BY THE SAME EDITORS.

EDWARD ATKINSON—Government, the Cotton Question, Finance, Commerce.

JAMES REDPATH—Foreign Affairs, and the Editorial Department, Literature.

Political Jubilee.

Into the very depths of the nation's sorrow now the tide of great and good public sentiment, which we raise all the more as we dwell upon his departure, is gradually to see the clear and full evidence that our already being remanded to the mercy of the Rebellion, and the sad and premature President Johnson with himself, which we also does not need them—no before. It does not want them. He is valiant in a lower proportion. Nothing but the power of Providence, the support and support of all loyal men and his strong heart can carry him through. It must be

them. It also advised Booth to go to Richmond and ascertain how such action would be regarded by the rebel government.

Further disclosures are withheld for the present. Evidence sufficient has been accumulated to implicate some six different persons in the diabolical plot, all of them from this section and from Maryland. Two pairs of handcuffs and a gag were found in Booth's trunk.

It appears that Booth had leased a stable in the rear of the theatre. He hired a horse from a livery stable in the afternoon, took it to the alley, and hired a servant from the lady of whom he hired the stable to watch the horse while he perpetrated the deed. Booth's mistress has attempted to commit suicide. An actress at Grover's theatre received an anonymous note yesterday, not to sing "Sherman's March to the Sea."

Day before yesterday Booth called upon Mr. Hess, the treasurer of Grover's theatre, and urged him to announce some new and exciting play for Friday evening and invite the President and other officials, and get up a sensation.

The best data that can be obtained show that there were not over five or ten minutes' difference between the time of the assault on the President and Mr. Seward, showing that it was not done by the same person.

The Death of President Lincoln.

Formal Notification of the Event Made to the Vice President—His Reply.

WASHINGTON, April 16. Yesterday morning Attorney General Speed waited upon Hon. Andrew Johnson, Vice President of the United States, and officially informed him of the sudden and unexpected decease of President Lincoln, and suggested that an early hour might be appointed for the inauguration of a successor. The following is a copy of the communication:

"WASHINGTON CITY, April 15, 1865.

Sir: Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, was shot by an assassin last evening at Ford's Theatre in this city, and died at the hour of 22 minutes past 7 o'clock.

About the same time at which the President was shot, an assassin entered the sick chamber of Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State, and stabbed him in several places in the throat, neck and face, severely, if not mortally, wounding him. Other members of the Secretary's family were dangerously wounded by the assassin while making his escape.

By the death of President Lincoln the office of President has devolved, under the Constitution, upon you. The emergency of the Government demands that you should immediately qualify according to the requirements of the Constitution, and enter upon the duties of the President of the United States.

If you will please to make known your pleasure, such arrangements as you deem proper will be made.

Your obedient servants,

HUGH McCULLOCH, Sec'y of the Treas'y,
EDWIN M. STANTON, Sec'y of War,
GIDEON WELLS, Sec'y of the Navy,
WM. DENNISON, Postmaster General,
J. V. USHER, Sec'y of the Interior,
JAMES SPEED, Attorney General.

To ANDREW JOHNSON, Vice-President of the United States."

Mr. Johnson remarked:

"Gentlemen: I must be permitted to say that I have been almost overwhelmed by the announcement of the sad event which has so recently occurred. I feel incompetent to perform duties so important and responsible as those which have been so unexpectedly thrown upon me. As to an indication of any policy which may be pursued by me in the administration of the Government, I have to say that it must be left for development as the Administration progresses. The message or declaration must be made by the acts as they transpire. The only assurance that I can now give of the future is reference to the past. The course which I have taken in the past in connection with this rebellion must be regarded as a guaranty of the future. My past public life has been long and laborious, and has been founded, as I, in good conscience believe, upon a great principle of right, which lies at the basis of all things. The best energies of my life have been spent in endeavoring to establish and perpetuate the principles of free government, and, I believe, that the government, in passing through its present perils, will settle down upon the principles consonant with popular rights more permanent and enduring than heretofore.

I must be permitted to say, if I understand the feelings of my own heart, I have long labored to ameliorate and elevate the condition of the great mass of the American people. Toil and honest advocacy of the great principles of free government have been my lot. The duties have been mine, the consequences are God's. This has been the foundation of my political creed. I feel that in the end the Government will triumph, and that these great principles will be permanently established.

In conclusion, gentlemen, let me say that I want your encouragement and countenance. I shall ask and rely upon you and others in carrying the government through its present perils. I feel, in making this request, that it will be heartily responded to by you and all other patriots and lovers of the rights and interests of a free people."

At the conclusion of the above remarks, the President received the kind wishes of the friends by whom he was surrounded. A few minutes were devoted to conversation, all being deeply impressed with the solemnity of the occasion and the recent sad occurrence that caused the necessity for a speedy inauguration of the President.

Mr. Johnson is in fine health and has an earnest sense of the important trust confided to him.

William Hunter, Chief Clerk in the State Department, has been appointed Acting Secretary of State.

A special meeting of the Cabinet was held at the Treasury Department at 10 o'clock this morning.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Death of Richard Cobden—Abandonment of San Domingo by Spain—Advance in American Stocks and Shares.

NEW YORK, April 16. The steamship Germania, from Hamburg 4th inst., and Southampton 5th inst., arrived to-night, with 440 passengers.

The steamships Peruvian, City of Washington, and Hansa, have arrived out.

Mr. Cobden died on the 2d inst.

Lord Palmerston, Mr. Disraeli and Mr. Bright spoke most warmly of Mr. Cobden.

The House of Commons agreed to the £700,000 vote of the navy estimates.

Mr. Peel moved that the one and three-quarters millions voted for the civil service rate be withdrawn for the present.

The Times says it is hardly in reason that Gen. Lee can long maintain his position against the coalescing forces of Sherman, Sheridan and Grant.

LONDON MONEY MARKET. Consols firmer at 89¾ a 90. Confederate Loan 81 a 23c. United States 6-20s advanced ½ per cent. Illinois Central sterling bonds are advanced 1 per cent. Erie paid up shares have declined 1 per cent.

France.

A judicial inquiry has been instituted into the conduct of certain persons accused of attempting to disturb the peace by aiding and abetting the armament of the Confederate cruiser Stonewall.

Nearly all the Paris journals contain highly eulogistic articles on Mr. Cobden. The Presse appeared in mourning.

The Constitutionnel denies the rumored resignation of the War Minister.

Russia.

The plague continues unabated in St. Petersburg.

Spain.

The bill for the abandonment of San Domingo was adopted by 163 to 68 votes.

Narvaez declared that Spain respected the Pope's rights, but that it was necessary to adopt a conciliatory policy.

Brazil.

Montevideo has been surrendered to Flores. The Brazilian forces now occupy it. Peace has been re-established. [illegible]

SHERMAN'S ADVANCE.

Report of the Surrender of Johnston's Army.

[illegible]

THE RECONSTRUCTION MOVEMENT.

[illegible]

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till the artist with his own hands displayed a large flag.

The crowd then visited other places and caused flags to be put out. Two or three citizens who had expressed joy at Mr. Lincoln's death were sought after, but they had fled the city. They visited ex-President Pierce, who made a brief and patriotic address. He sympathized with a nation in sorrow—pronounced Mr. Lincoln's death a great national calamity—and hoped the murderer and all who sympathized with him would be brought to justice. Gen. Pierce's remarks were continuously applauded and as he closed the whole crowd gave him three hearty cheers.

The remains of Sir Knight Richard H. Kimball of Mount Horeb Commandery were buried to-day from the Unitarian Church, with imposing Masonic honors.

General Order by Secretary Welles.

WASHINGTON, April 16. The Secretary of the Navy has issued the following general order:

"NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, April 15, 1865.

The Department announces with profound sorrow to the officers and men of the Navy and Marine corps the death of Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United States. Stricken down by the hand of an assassin on the evening of the 14th inst., when surrounded by his family and friends, he lingered a few hours after receiving the fatal bullet, and died at 7 o'clock and 22 minutes this morning. A grateful people had given their willing confidence to the patriot and statesman under whose wise and successful administration the nation was just emerging from the civil strife which for four years has afflicted the whole land, when the terrible calamity fell upon the country. To him our gratitude was justly due, for to him, under God, more than any other person, are we indebted for the successful vindication of the integrity of the Union, and the maintenance of the power of the Republic.

The officers of the Navy and Marine Corps will as a manifestation of their respect for the exalted character, eminent position and estimable public services of the late President, and as an indication of their sense of the calamity which the country has sustained, wear the usual badge of mourning for six months. The Department further directs that upon the day following the receipt of this order, the commanders of Squadrons, Navy Yards and stations will direct the ensign of every vessel in their several commands to be hoisted at half-mast, and a gun to be fired every half-hour, beginning at sunrise and ending at sunset. The flags of the several Navy Yards and Marine Barracks will all be hoisted at half-mast.

GIDEON WELLES, Secretary of the Navy.

Appointments by the Late President.

BALTIMORE, April 16. President Lincoln on Friday evening directed commissions to be issued to the following persons, to fill Federal offices in Baltimore city:

Collector of the port of Baltimore—Hon. Edwin H. Webster; Naval Officer—Samuel M. Evans; Postmaster—Gen. Andrew E. Denison; Surveyor of the Port—Edington Fulton; Naval Agent—Dr. Thomas King Carroll; United States Marshal—James M. Clayton; United States District Attorney—W. J. Jones.

The selection of the above named officers is said to have been one of the last official acts of the lamented President.

The Public Mourning.

PORTLAND, Me., April 16. The British steamship Moravian, Capt. Aiton, at noon to-day hoisted the American flag at main half-mast, and fired minute guns for half an hour, and her officers and crew paraded at quarters, wearing crape on their arms. The U. S. cutter Mahoning acknowledged the courtesy by hoisting the British flag ensign at the fore and firing minute guns for half an hour.

AUGUSTA, Me., April 16. The sad news of the assassination of President Lincoln was received here with expressions of the deepest sorrow from nearly every citizen. Bells were tolled and flags displayed and draped throughout the city. To-day (Sunday) a public meeting was held in Meionaon hall, at which resolutions were adopted expressive of sorrow at the loss the country has sustained, and appropriate remarks made by several citizens.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

NEW YORK, April 16. Wilmington papers of the 8th contain no military news. The advices of the capture of Richmond and Petersburg caused great rejoicing there.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 16. The city is draped in mourning. Gen. Palmer has issued orders for all military organizations to drape their flags, &c.

NEW YORK, April 16. The steamship E[illegible] from Liverpool 31st ult., has arrived. News anticipated.

The steamer Northern Light, from Morehead City 11th inst., with 36 sick soldiers, arrived to-day.

The steamer Britannia from Glasgow has arrived.

WASHINGTON, April 16. The Cabinet held a protracted session this forenoon at the Treasury Department.

PHILADELPHIA, April 16. The sales of the 7-30 loan yesterday amounted to $3,710,250. The total subscriptions for the week amount to $20,113,200.

Ship News.

(Per Steamship Germania.)

Arrived from New York, Lizzie Houston, James [illegible], Aurora, W. P. Stowe, Victory, Luisetta, V[illegible] Liverpool.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE CHRISTIAN COMMISSION. At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the United States Christian Commission, held in Philadelphia, Saturday, April 15, 1865, the following resolutions were adopted:

[illegible]

The Death of President Lincoln.

To the Editor of The Boston Journal:

A great and good man has fallen! Let the nation mourn. But let it trust in God—as he did. The result was not unexpected by him. He may not have looked for it from the hand of an assassin, but he was sure that his life would end with the war [illegible]. He told me "that he was certain he should not outlive the rebellion." It was in last July. As you remember, there was discussion then among the Republican leaders. Many of his best friends had deserted him, and were talking of an opposition convention to nominate another candidate; and universal gloom was among the people. The North was tired of the war, and supposed an honorable peace attainable. Mr. Lincoln knew it was not—that any peace at that time would be only disunion. [illegible]

A Certain Cure for Sore Throat, Toothache, Neuralgia, Swelled Joints and Limbs Stiff Neck, &c. CROFTS' SOOTHING BALM. A Balm for every Wound; an Anodyne for every Pain and Ache; a most Wonderful Discovery. Try it. Price only 25 cents. For sale everywhere. A. L. WILLARD, General Agent, Taunton, Mass.

U. S. 7 3-10 Loan
Constantly on hand and for sale in sums to suit.
The usual Commission allowed Banks and Dealers.
BREWSTER, SWEET & CO.,
GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS.
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CELEBRATED
FIRST PREMIUM SEWING MACHINES.
Principal Salesrooms.
18 Summer street.............BOSTON.
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Branches in all the principal Cities.

April 4, 1865.
I HAVE
MARKED DOWN
MY ENTIRE STOCK OF
ENGLISH CARPETINGS
TO LESS THAN
THE GOLD VALUE!
WM. E. BRIGHT,
328 and 330 Washington Street,
OPPOSITE THE ADAMS HOUSE.

Choice Porto Rico
SUGAR AND MOLASSES,
FOR SALE BY
JONES, HASKELL & CO.
210 State street,
STATE STREET BLOCK.

Costiveness the most Prolific Source of Ill Health.
DR. HARRISON'S
PERISTALTIC LOZENGES,
[illegible]
COSTIVENESS, DYSPEPSIA, PILES.
[illegible]

NOTICES.

[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

BOSTON MARKET—April 15.

[illegible]

DEATHS.

[illegible]

PASSENGERS.

[illegible]

SHIPPING JOURNAL.

PORT OF BOSTON.

[illegible]

Wants.

[illegible]

Boarding.

[illegible]

Lost and Found.

[illegible]

Amusements.

WILLARD'S HOWARD ATHENEUM.

BOSTON THEATRE.

BOSTON MUSEUM.

BUCKLEYS' SERENADERS

BILLIARDS. GRAND DEMONSTRATIONS!! M. CARME.

APOLLO GARDEN.

BOSTON MUSIC HALL. THE GREAT ORGAN

FARINI, THE GREAT AERIAL GYMNAST AND CHAMPION OF NIAGARA.

CLOSING LEVEES OF QUEEN ZENOBIA.

THE SWASEYS WILL GIVE CONCERTS

[illegible]

Sales by Auction.

[illegible]

POTASH AND PEARLASH

TOBIN & CO'S. EXPRESS

[illegible]

Boston Journal.

MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 17, 1865.

THE DEATH OF THE PRESIDENT.

Truly, we know not what a day may bring forth. But recently all hearts were rejoicing in the prospects of peace, doubly assured by official announcements that looked as if the era of bloodshed were already over. The future of our country never looked brighter; and if, among human appearances, there was one column of strength and hope stronger than all others upon which the people leaned, it was the fact that our good President—so calm, so wise, so open to the teachings of Providence, so inflexible in the right when once he had attained to it—was, after the multiplied dangers of the last four years, still spared to us.

But now that column is removed from us, and the nation is appalled at its irreparable loss, and shocked and stunned beyond measure at the inconceivable wickedness which caused it. What in that pure and blameless life could have aroused such diabolical passions? What insanity could have imagined that any cause would be profited by the cold-blooded assassination of the two first officers of the Government? Far be it from us to say one word to inflame the terrible feelings which we know are to-day burning under a nation's grief, but men will see in this atrocious deed the natural sequel of that spirit which has plunged the country into a sea of bloodshed, which has murdered thousands of helpless prisoners and hesitated at nothing in the annals of crime. Was the loyal country in danger of losing sight of this cancer of wickedness, and becoming disposed, out of regard to the cheering future, to heal it over with misjudged leniency? Was eternal *justice* in danger of being forgotten? May a merciful God let this awful blow fall upon docile hearts, that we may through it learn His purposes and obey His will.

Nor must the people give way to despair. Abraham Lincoln was the gift of God to this land, if ever a man was so commissioned. He was taken out of obscurity, and mysteriously advanced over statesmen to whom the people had been almost solely looking for their chief magistrate. All his singular array of qualities vindicated the choice. No man since Washington ever so completely met the emergency amid which he arose. Great success crowned his efforts. He saw the leading hope of his life realized, ...

Sketch of President Lincoln's Life.

Abraham Lincoln, whose terrible death paralyzes the whole land with grief and mourning, was of English ancestry, and born in Hardin county, Kentucky, on the 12th of February, 1809, and was, therefore, at his death, a little over fifty-six years of age.

When he was seven years old his father removed to Indiana, where he lived thirteen years. Here he obtained all the education which the frontier then afforded—amounting to very little in respect to schools, but much in the lessons of self-reliance, industry and energy. Of these he made the most, as his subsequent life showed. Whether working on the farm, or serving as a flatboatman on the Mississippi, he was always learning, and training his powers.

In 1830 Mr. Lincoln removed to Illinois, and turned his attention at first to agricultural pursuits. Then he served for a brief period as Captain in the Black Hawk wars; became Postmaster in a small village; began the study of law, gave it up for a time; was elected to the Illinois Legislature, where he served four years; resumed his professional studies, and settled down at Springfield, which continued to be his residence till he was called to Washington by the voice of the people.

But while devoting himself to the practice of his profession, he could not fail to exhibit his superior powers to the people, whose respect and confidence were often manifested. He was chosen a member of the National Convention which nominated Gen. Taylor for the Presidency. He was chosen a Representative in Congress, serving from 1847 to 1849, being active on the committees, but making only a few speeches. Such, however, was the impression he made upon those agreeing with him in politics, that, but for considerations of locality, he would have been selected for Vice President on the ticket with Gen. Fremont in 1856.

In 1858 occurred his famous stumping campaign with Senator Douglas, in which his rare qualities as a debater and popular orator first became known to the country at large. In the following year, he delivered an address in New York, which greatly enhanced his reputation.

In 1860 he was nominated for President in the Chicago Convention, on the third ballot, his competitors being Mr. Seward, Mr. Chase and Mr. Bates. After an animated canvass he was elected, receiving 180 electoral votes, to 72 for John C. Breckinridge, 39 for John Bell, and 12 for Stephen A. Douglas.

In the winter of 1861 the secession movement began some months before Mr. Lincoln was inaugurated. ...

... industry at that date 233 persons; in House of Reformation, 214; Almshouse, 118; Lunatic Hospital, 190; House of Correction, 101. There were sent to State Almshouses, 25.

POCKET PICKED. John E. Risley, Jr., Esq., 11 Court street, had his pocket picked of a gold watch, valued at sixty dollars, and fifty dollars in money, at the meeting, Saturday, in Tremont Temple.

MEETING IN FANEUIL HALL. Mayor Lincoln has issued a call for a meeting of citizens in Faneuil Hall to-day at 3 o'clock P. M. The hall is being tastefully draped.

☞ Miss S. L. Kilborn announces a second course of lectures to ladies at the Marlboro' Hotel. See notice.

Charlestown.

BODY IDENTIFIED. The dead body of the young woman found in the Mystic river, near the Charlestown and Chelsea bridge, Thursday morning, has been identified as that of Catherine Gettings, a daughter of John Gettings, of Charlestown street, Boston. She was employed as a domestic in the family of Dr. Henry A. Martin of Roxbury, and left her home Wednesday evening. She had been heard to say that she would kill herself.

Lynn.

FIRE. A two-story wooden building on Munroe street, in Lynn, owned by James Kelley, and occupied by Joseph Perkins as a refreshment saloon, and Wm. White for shoe-heeling, was badly damaged by fire on Saturday. Mr. Perkins is insured for $800, and Mr. Kelley for $800, which will cover their loss. Mr. White was not insured.

BY TELEGRAPH.

DEATH OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

Description of his Last Hours.

Five Persons Concerned in the Murderous Plot.

Condition of Mr. Seward and his Son.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, April 15, 8 A. M.

Major General Dix:

Abraham Lincoln died this morning at twenty-two minutes after 7 o'clock.

E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

...

... entering the Theatre; his reception was indeed extraordinary. One of the actors, Mr. Hawk, had made the remark as "Dundreary," "This reminds me of a story, as Mr. Lincoln says," and was telling the story as the President entered. The enthusiasm of the audience interrupted the story for several minutes after the President was seated. The actor was forced by the people to tell the story over again.

The scene of excitement at the theatre when the murder was committed was of the wildest description, and had the audience secured the assassin he would have been torn to pieces.

While the Cabinet and a few friends remained in the room of the dying Chief Magistrate, an investigation of the murder was commenced by Judge David Carter, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, in another room of the same house. Gradually the assassin of the President became unmistakably identified as J. Wilkes Booth, and in that man's trunk found at his room were damning evidences that the tragedy is the fruit of a deep lain conspiracy. At least five persons are known to have been concerned.

After the President's death, Senator Sumner and Gen. Halleck drove to the Kirkwood house, where the General went to the room of Vice President Johnson and announced the sad intelligence. The Vice President had visited the bedside of the dying man during the night, and was deeply impressed by the spectacle.

The Cabinet has met this morning, and will issue the same form of announcement that was promulgated at the death of Presidents Harrison and Taylor.

SECOND DISPATCH.

Noon. Secretary Seward's friends are of the opinion that he will survive. Major Seward is not seriously wounded.

I omitted to state that the Rev. Dr. Gurley, at whose church the President and his family worshipped, was present at the bedside of his dying parishioner and offered impressive petitions to the throne of grace. He is at the White House this morning.

Scores of reports about the arrest of the assassins are in circulation. Booth took the Bladensburg road and his over pushed horse gave out and fell near Fort Lincoln, this side of the late Mr. Rives'. A sentinel on post near by says that the rider took to the woods and we have rumors that he has been captured.

The assassin of the Sewards fled on horseback across the Anacostia bridge near the Navy Yard. All the parties implicated are Maryland men. ...

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

Assumption of the Duties of President by Mr. Johnson.

NO CHANGE IN THE CABINET.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, April 15, 1865.

To Major-Gen. Dix:

The official notice of the death of the late President Abraham Lincoln was given by the heads of the Departments this morning to Andrew Johnson, Vice-President, upon whom the Constitution devolved the office of President.

Mr. Johnson receiving this notice appeared before Chief Justice Chase and took the oath of office as President of the United States, and assumed its duties and functions. At 12 o'clock the President met the heads of the Departments in a cabinet meeting at the Treasury building, and among other business the following were transacted:

First. The funeral of the late President was referred to the several Secretaries as far as relates to their respective departments.

Second. Wm. Hunter was appointed Acting Secretary of State during the disability of Mr. Seward and his son, Frederick Seward, the Assistant Secretary.

Third: The President formally announced that he desired to retain the present Secretaries of the Departments of his Cabinet, and they would go on and discharge their respective duties in the same manner as before the deplorable event that had changed the head of the government.

All business in the Departments was suspended during the day.

The surgeons report that Mr. Seward's condition remains unchanged. He is doing well. There is no improvement in Mr. Frederick Seward.

(Signed) E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

The extra *Intelligencer* says from the evidence obtained it is rendered highly probable that the man who stabbed Mr. Seward and his son is John Surratt of Prince George Co., Md. The horse he rode was hired at Naylor's stable. Surratt is a young man with light hair and goatee. His father is said to have been post master of Prince George county.

The Induction of Mr. Johnson into the Presidential Office.

REMARKS OF MR. JOHNSON.

WASHINGTON, April 15. At an early hour this morning E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War, sent an official communication to Hon. Andrew Johnson, Vice President of the United States, stating that in consequence of the sudden and unexpected death of the Chief Magistrate his inauguration should take place as soon as possible, and requesting him to state the place and hour at which the ceremony should be performed.

Mr. Johnson immediately replied that it would be agreeable to him to have the proceedings take place at his rooms, at the Kirkwood House, as soon as the arrangements could be perfected.

Chief Justice Chase was informed of the fact, and ...

THE DEATH OF THE PRESIDENT.

Grief and Indignation of the People.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE BOSTON JOURNAL.]

MONTPELIER, Vt., April 15, 1865. The announcement of President Lincoln's assassination and death has produced the most profound sensation here. People of all parties and classes, professional men, business men, laboring men, and the bronzed and weary soldier just from the front, are in grief and tears together. The business places are closed, and many buildings together with flags are draped in mourning. The bells which on Monday last rang a merry peal for victory and peace are now from 12 to 1 slowly and mournfully tolling the death of the nation's head. Secretary Stanton's prayer "may God in his mercy protect the United States," is the prayer of the people.

CONCORD, N. H., April, 15. The mournful news from Washington has caused the profoundest gloom and anxiety in Concord. Business has been almost suspended, marts of trade are in mourning and bells have been tolled, while flags draped in mourning are numerously displayed. An informal meeting is now being held to arrange for public ceremonies of sorrow to-morrow afternoon. New Hampshire freely mingles her tears in grief for the loss of a nation's benefactor.

NEWBURYPORT, April 15. Bells tolled from 12 to 2 o'clock to-day. Many buildings are decked in mourning and flags are at half-mast. Great gloom pervades all classes at the terribly sad news of the President's death.

HINGHAM, Mass., April 15. The news of the President's death was received this morning, and at 9 o'clock the bells commenced tolling for the day. Minute guns are being fired and flags are at half-mast.

[To the Associated Press.]

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., April 15. The bells in the city have been tolling from an early hour this morning. The Provost Marshal's office and other government offices and many private dwellings and stores are draped in mourning, and a general solemnity pervades the whole city on account of the death of President Lincoln, and the assassination of Secretary Seward.

BANGOR, Me., April 15. The terrible news of the assassination of the President was received here with the most profound grief. The stores were generally closed and draped in mourning. All the flags of the city are placed at half-mast. A public meeting is being held to make arrangements for a proper observance of the mournful event. Minute guns will be fired from 12 to 4 o'clock this P. M.

PLYMOUTH, Mass., April 15. The news of the assassination of the President caused great excitement here, and our citizens are indulging in demonstrations of sorrow.

SACO, Me., April 15. Our people are filled with the deepest grief at the nation's great and irreparable loss.

DOVER, N. H., April 15. The whole community are appalled at the sad intelligence of the death of the President.

LEWISTON, Me., April 15. A man here rejoicing over the death of President Lincoln, was carried on a ...

... right life of the late President, justly comparing him with George Washington, the father of his country. He earnestly appealed to his fellow-citizens to rally in this fearful hour to the support of the principles of a free government, and especially to stand by Andrew Johnson, giving him truly their confidence and support. (Cheers and great applause.) Mr. Rice then read the following:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE.

The citizens of Boston, overwhelmed with grief at the awful calamity which has befallen our common country, in the tragic death of its great and good President, and in the deadly assault upon the wise and sagacious Secretary of State and members of his family, spontaneously assembled at the Merchants' Exchange and resolved that an expression of their strong and fervent sympathy be immediately sent to the surviving members of the afflicted families, in view of the irreparable loss which they and their countrymen have sustained by this sad event; and also that a message be sent to Andrew Johnson, the Constitutional successor of Abraham Lincoln as President of these United States, of their confidence in his integrity, his patriotism and his manhood, and their determination to give him their undivided and unfaltering support, imploring the blessing of God to guide him with the wisdom and virtue which characterized his lamented predecessor.

ALEX. H. RICE,
AVERY PLUMMER,
ALPHEUS HARDY,
E. S. TOBEY,
PHINEAS STOWE,
GEORGE B. UPTON,
JAS. L. LITTLE,
D. R. MUDGE,
Committee.

On motion, it was then voted to suspend all further business for the day, and the assembly of mourners, for such it truly was, sadly and silently dispersed.

Reception of the News in Cambridge.

The sad intelligence of the national calamity of the assassination and death of the President was received in Cambridge, as elsewhere, with feelings of profound sadness. Everywhere gloom and sorrow was apparent. The bells were tolled for an hour, flags were displayed at half mast, and many buildings were draped in mourning.

At the annual meeting of the County Teachers' Association, which was being held in the High School building, the sad event was the only topic talked of. Scarcely any business was transacted, so deep and universal was the grief. A very feeling prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Mason, after which all present united in singing the two verses of "America," so peculiarly fitted to the sadness of the occasion. Mr. T. D. Adams, the President of the Teachers' Association, then announced the fatal result which had followed the assassination and followed in some touching remarks upon the mournful event. Ex-Governor Washburn also spoke his feelings in common with every loyal man upon the sad occasion, and was followed by Judge Ladd, of the Police Court, Mayor Merrill, Mr. Bird of Watertown, Mr. Philbrick of Boston, Mr. Morse of Charlestown, Mr. Chase of Watertown, Mr. Claflin of Newton and others.

Before the adjournment of the convention the following resolution, expressive of the sorrow and feeling of the teachers, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That with deepest emotions of heartfelt sorrow in this, our national bereavement, in the assassination of the President of the United States and the Secretary of State, we recognize the mysterious hand of an All Wise and Almighty Ruler and Disposer of human events, and though we cannot now comprehend the great reason providentially designed, we would with unshaken faith still put our trust in God ...

... to the disguise of the President when passing through Baltimore four years ago (so reported at the time, but falsely—ED.)—the President was not disguised, but that was not the time for him to die. In his death the Southerners lost their best, if not their only friend. The place of his death, he said, cast a shadow over his death, and he was sorry that he was slain there. No words can embalm him as the work of Abraham Lincoln have embalmed him.

He spoke severely of the villainous criminals who had carried on the rebellion, their acts in starving our prisoners, &c., and his words were loudly applauded. He alluded to the resignation of Gen. Butler, and said that we should need him and Fremont yet. He believed in Andrew Johnson and thought God had raised him up for such an hour as this, and thought it was a wonderful fact that God had at this time brought to the front a man who believed in the punishment of vile secessionists.

At the close of Rev. Mr. Fulton's remarks the President read a dispatch announcing the arrest of Booth the murderer, which was received with loud applause. Rev. Dr. Randolph then offered prayer, after which the President of the meeting and Mr. E. W. Kinsley made brief addresses.

The following dispatch was then drawn up, and by the unanimous vote of the people was sent to Vice President Johnson:

The meeting of citizens in Tremont Temple to express their mutual grief at the violent death of our revered President, send their greetings to Andrew Johnson, welcoming him to the post which Providence has so mysteriously assigned him, tendering him our greetings, and pledging him our confidence and our prayers, and looking to him to complete the work of subjugating treason.

The meeting closed by the singing of the Doxology and the Benediction by Rev. Dr. Kirk.

CURIOUS SAFE FOR DEEDS. A sum of twenty thousand pounds is in litigation in Scotland and depends upon a marriage contract, which being declared by one of the barristers to be buried with the male party to the contract, Hans George Leslie of Banff, orders have been given by the judge to have the grave opened and the coffin searched for such a document.

Since the Federal occupation of Richmond, many citizens have made their appearance who have not been seen in public before for two or three years, having fled or hid themselves to avoid conscription. The risks which these men have run, and the privations which their families have endured, are almost inconceivable.

A child, three years old, daughter of Patrick Rafferty, in Lowell, was run over by a wagon attached to a runaway horse while playing in the street on Friday, and instantly killed.

Chances for Business.

FOR SALE—One of the best Provision Stores at the South End. Terms $1200 cash. Inquire at ... Shawmut avenue.

RARE CHANCE—For sale one half of a good paying business. Call at 51 Beverly street, between the hours of 10 and 2.

$1000. A PARTNER in a Provision ...